Balanced Asphalt Mix Design Performance Engineered Designs Implementation and Efforts

ATS December 16, 2020 Louisiana's Balanced Asphalt Mixture Design: Contractor's Experience Barry L Nunez Formerly of Diamond B Const. Barry L Nunez LLC bnunezLLC@outlook.com | (225) 772 – 2753

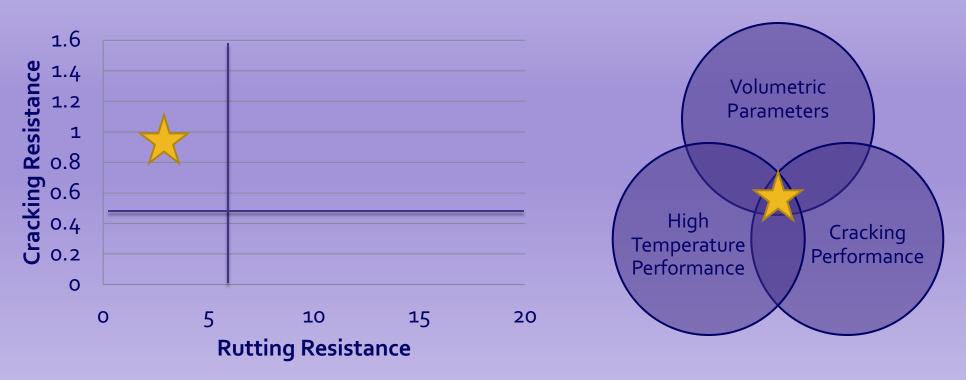


Changes in Specifications and Testing Techniques

- Brief History of Mix Design (Full Circle)
- Balanced Mix Design
- Louisiana Specification Changes (When will it ever happen?)
- Implementation of the Louisiana SCB
- Modified Liquid Asphalt Effects and Ductility
- Increase in Rap or Not?
- Structure? LWT-yes SCB?
- You want me to add how much Asphalt????!!!!

How?

- What is a balanced mixture design?
 - Process to ensure adequate resistance to both rutting and cracking distresses
- Laboratory testing:
 Rutting and Cracking



SCB Sample Preparation

150mm x 57mm







Intermediate Temperature Cracking: using the Semi-Circular Bend Test (SCB) SCB Test ASTM D8044

- Performance Indicator **Resistance to Crack Propagation**
- **Test Protocol**

TR 330

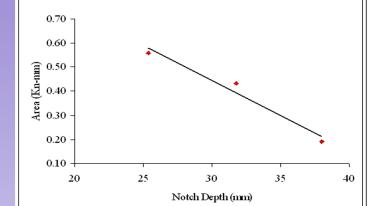
- Temperature 25°C
- Loading

o.5 mm/min vertical deformation

The Critical Value of Fracture Resistance, 0.70

$$J_c = -(\frac{1}{b})\frac{dU}{da}$$

b = sample thickness, a = notch depth, U = strain energy to failure



Standard Method of Test for

Evaluation of Asphalt Mixture Crack Propagation

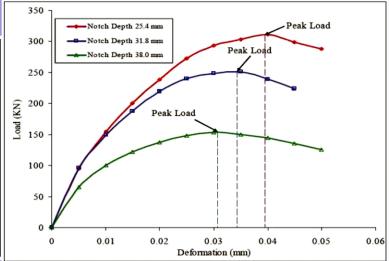
1. SCOPE

- 1.1. This test method covers procedures for the preparation, testing, and measurement of fracture failure of semi-circular asphalt mixtures of specimens loaded monotonically.
- 1.2. This standard may involve hazardous material, operations, and equipment. This standard does not purport to address all safety problems associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this procedure to establish appropriate safety and health practices and to determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.

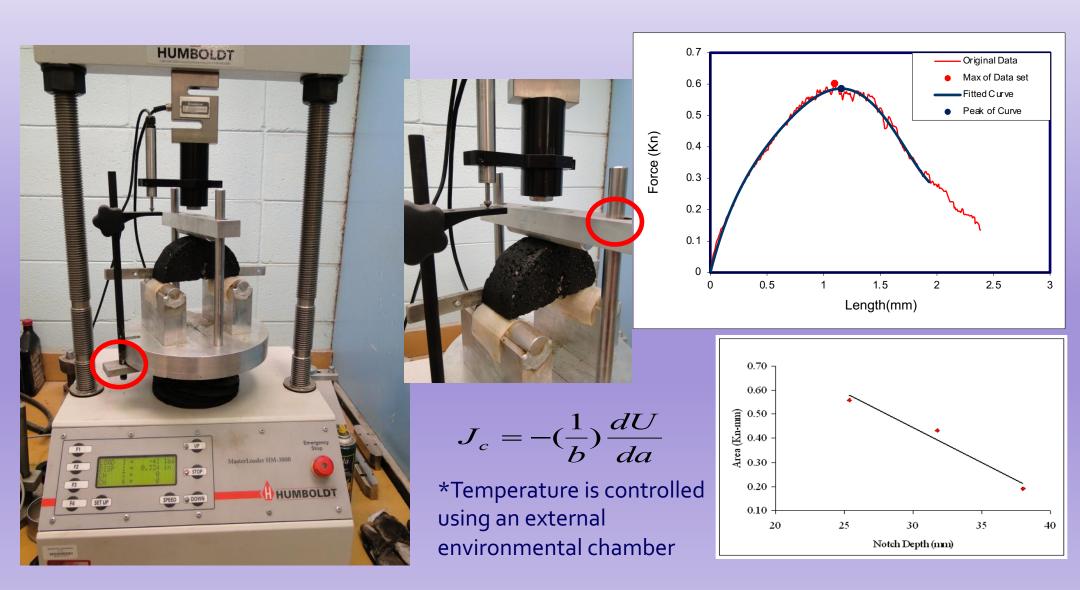
2. REFERENCED DOCUMENTS

2.1. AASHTO STANDARDS

- PP 2, Practice for Mixture conditioning of Hot Mix Asphalt (HMA)
- T 67. Standard Practices for Load Verification of Testing Machines
- T 166, Bulk Specific Gravity of Compacted Hot Mix Asphalt Using Saturated Surface-Dry Specimens
- T 168, Sampling Bituminous Paving Mixtures
- T 209. Theoretical Maximum Specific Gravity and Density of Hot Mix Asphalt (HMA)
- T 269, Percent Air Voids in Compacted Dense and Open Bituminous Paving Mixtures
- T 312. Preparing and Determining the Density of Hot Mix Asphalt (HMA) Specimens by Means of the Superpave Gyratory Compactor



Modified SCB Test



LADOTD Specification Changes

Lowered Gyrations (Level 1 and Level 2) ■ L1: 55 Gyrations N_d ■ L2: 65 Gyrations N_d **VTM** Remains □ 3.5% Raised design VFA Cracking □ 72% Raised VMA

Rutting

■ 0.5% Increase for each NMAS

LADOTD Specification Changes

LWT required for all mixtures **Rutting** ■ L1: 10mm @20K passes (maximum) L2: 6mm (a) 20K passes (maximum) SCB required for all mixtures □ L1: PG 70-22m, 0.5 kJ/m2 (minimum) Cracking L2: PG 76-22m, o.6 kJ/m2 (minimum) Allow for 5% increase in RAP if "fractionated" -split on the 1". (still must meet LWT and SCB for design)

Notch Depth	Area / Thick
25.4	0.01
31.8	0.01
38.0	0.00
Es	-0.0004
J1c	0.36
R ²	0.66

OMG It Failed?

- Call Sam Cooper- No Answer OMG!!
- Call Louay- OMG!! Add 0.5% MORE ASPHALT!?! Look at your design and see what you can change.
- Call Sam- More Asphalt! But, Maybe 0.5% is not needed
- Reasoning, Thinking, Theorizing
- Light Bulb Moment

Light Bulb Moment!!!

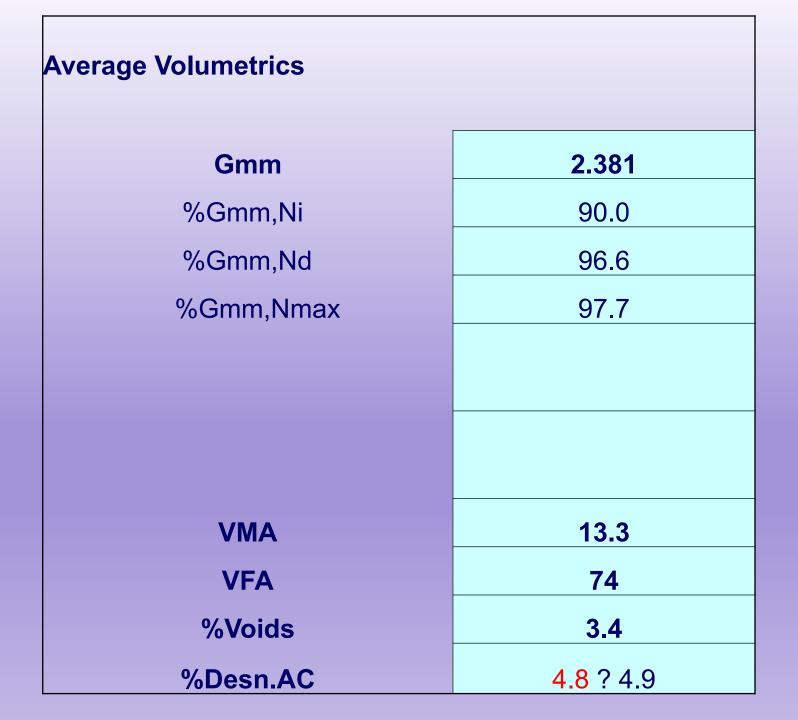


What If ???!!!

- It is not Necessarily Just about More Total Asphalt
- It is Really about More Film Thickness
- It is Actually about More Free Asphalt
- Asphalt Not Absorbed
- Available Asphalt to Perform Outside of the Aggregates
- Hmmm? A Little Less Fines
- Hmmmm? A Little More Large Aggregate or Maybe More Intermediate Aggregates
- Restructure the Gradation of the Mixture -Just a Tad
 Let's Try It!!!!

Material	Cold Feed	Cold Feed
Name	Original	Final
1x5/8CrGrv	19.0	20.0
5/8x4CrGrv	22.0	22.0
1/4x0CrGrv	45.0	46.0
Blended Sand	14.0	12.0
RAP	25.0	25.0

% Passing Composite Gradation			
<u>Sieve</u>	Original	Final	
1"	100	100	
3/4"	98	98	
1/2"	85	84	
3/8"	76	75	
#4	52	51	
#8	39	38	
#16	29	28	
#30	23	22	
#50	15	14	
#100	8	8	
#200	5.9	5.3	



	Failing			
	Ductility	Passing Ductility	1% Agg 0% AC	2%Agg 0.1% AC
J1c	0.19	0.36	0.47	0.60

Notch Depth	Area / Thick
25.4	0.01
31.8	0.01
38.0	0.00
Es	-0.0004
J1c	0.36
R ²	0.66

Notch Depth	Area / Thick
25.4	0.01
31.8	0.01
38.0	0.00
Es	-0.0006
J1c	0.60
R ²	0.98

The Simple Key

Free Asphalt as Opposed to Absorbed Asphalt

A Passing SCB Does NOT Always Have to Be 0.5% MORE ASPHALT

Examine The Whole Design

- Study Every Aspect
- Gradation and Structure
- Asphalt Type and Quality
- Modified and Unmodified
- Effective Asphalt Content
- Aged and Unaged Asphalt Combinations
- VMA
- VFA
- Do the Work and Do Not Settle

A Graduate in The SCB!!!!

